



# **Employment Region Industry profile**

## **New England and North West Employment Region**

Release date: 25 September 2025

#### Overview

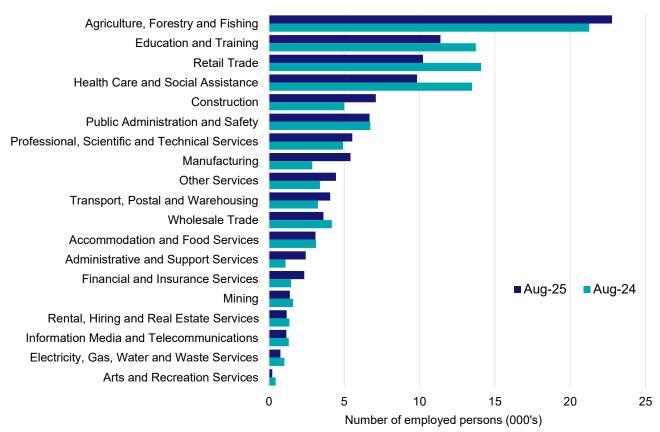
In August 2025, there were around 103,700 people employed in the New England and North West Employment Region. The 5 largest employing industries in the region were Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing, Education and Training, Retail Trade, Health Care and Social Assistance, and Construction. Together these 5 industries accounted for 59% of employment in the region.

Over the year to August 2025, employment in:

- Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing rose by 7.1% to stand at 22,800
- Education and Training fell by 17.1% to stand at 11,400
- Retail Trade fell by 27.4% to stand at 10,200.

In Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing in the New England and North West Employment Region, 74% of workers were employed full-time; 74% were male; and the median age of the workforce was 51.

## Employment by industry, August 2025 and August 2024



Source: ABS Labour Force Survey\*, Detailed, four quarter averages, August 2025. Note that total employment for the region (four quarter averaged data) will not match data published in the Employment Region Labour Market dashboards (modelled estimates).

\*ABS Labour Force Survey data are based on the New England and North West SA4.

Notes: Data are the latest available. A high degree of caution should be exercised when interpreting data at the regional level, particulally in regards to percentage changes, given the volatility of the underlying data. For any enquiries related to the data in this report, please contact RegionalWorkforceAssessment@jobsandskills.gov.au

## Five largest employing industries: key statistics

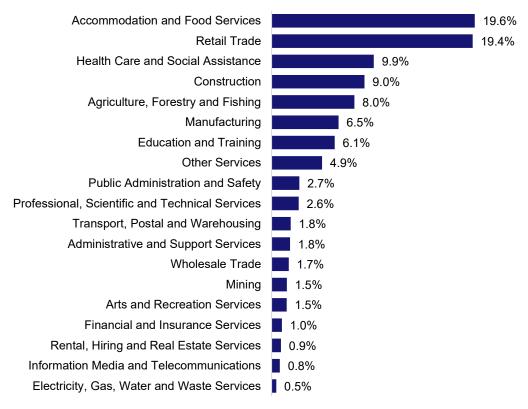
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing		
25	Number employed (Aug-25):	22,800
Employed beyond to wind,	1 year employment change:	7.1%
	5 year employment change:	61.7%
	10 year employment change:	431.3%
	Youth share of employment:	8.0%
the tree the tree tree tree tree tree tr	Mature age share of employment:	22.3%
Education and Training		
(000) supplied beyond 14 14 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Number employed (Aug-25):	11,400
	1 year employment change:	-17.1%
	5 year employment change:	35.9%
	10 year employment change:	148.1%
	Youth share of employment:	6.1%
	Mature age share of employment:	11.1%
Retail Trade		
<u> </u>	Number employed (Aug-25):	10,200
Employed belong to the property of the propert	1 year employment change:	-27.4%
	5 year employment change:	9.2%
	10 year employment change:	-10.2%
	Youth share of employment:	19.4%
	Mature age share of employment:	7.0%
Health Care and Social Assistance		
© 20 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Number employed (Aug-25):	9,800
Ending thing, when the trans the tra	1 year employment change:	-27.0%
	5 year employment change:	-20.7%
	10 year employment change:	17.8%
	Youth share of employment:	9.9%
	Mature age share of employment:	15.0%
Construction	Number employed (Aug-25):	7,100
	1 year employment change:	41.9%
suos, 4	5 year employment change:	18.3%
led 3	10 year employment change:	50.8%
Employed persons (000) supply the property of	Youth share of employment:	9.0%
	Mature age share of employment:	6.2%
	matare age share of employment.	0.2 /0

Source: ABS Labour Force Survey, Detailed, four quarter averages, August 2025, except youth and mature age data which are from the ABS Census of Population and Housing, 2021.

Notes: In each chart, the solid line is the level of employment and the dotted line is a simple linear trend line for the 10 year period. Given the volatility of the underlying data, employment estimates should be treated with a high degree of caution. Particular focus should be placed on the employment series over time to ascertain more reliable long-term growth trends.

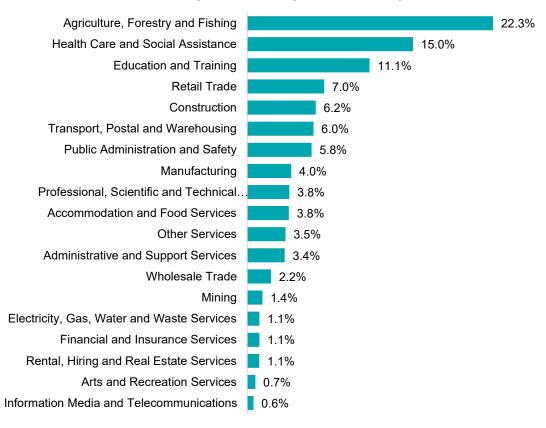
## Employment characteristics by Industry

## Which industries are youth (aged 15-24) employed in?



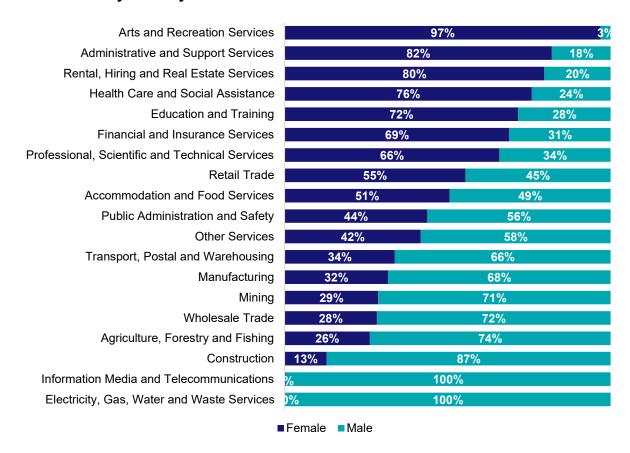
Source: ABS Census of Population and Housing, 2021.

#### Which industries are mature age persons (aged 55+) employed in?



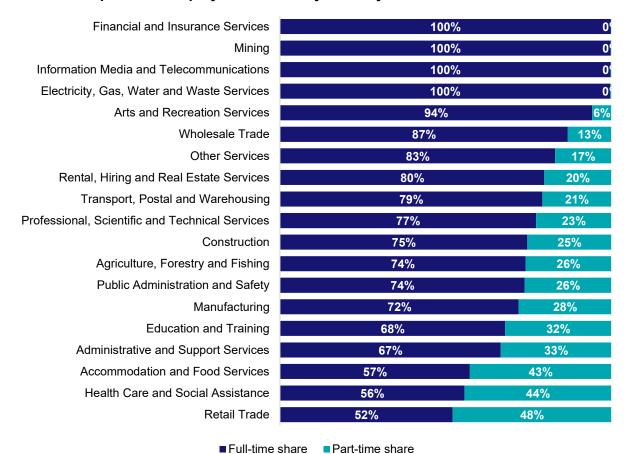
Source: ABS Census of Population and Housing, 2021. Note: SA2 level Census data have been aggregated to the Employment Region level.

#### Gender share by industry



Source: ABS Labour Force Survey, Detailed, four quarter averages, August 2025.

## Full-time and part-time employment status by industry



Source: ABS Labour Force Survey, Detailed, four quarter averages, August 2025.

Appendix
Employment by industry, New England and North West, August 2025

Industry (in order of size)	Share of employment in the region Aug-25 (%)	Employed ('000)			Full-time share	Part-time share	Median age *
		Aug-25	Aug-24	Aug-20	%	%	Median age
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	22.0	22.8	21.3	14.1	74.2	25.8	51
Education and Training	11.0	11.4	13.7	8.4	68.0	32.0	45
Retail Trade	9.9	10.2	14.1	9.4	52.1	47.9	36
Health Care and Social Assistance	9.5	9.8	13.5	12.4	55.7	44.3	43
Construction	6.8	7.1	5.0	6.0	74.7	25.3	39
Public Administration and Safety	6.4	6.7	6.7	3.4	73.9	26.1	46
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	5.3	5.5	4.9	3.9	77.4	22.6	43
Manufacturing	5.2	5.4	2.9	6.1	72.1	27.9	38
Other Services	4.3	4.5	3.4	2.5	83.1	16.9	39
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	3.9	4.1	3.3	5.2	79.2	20.8	50
Wholesale Trade	3.5	3.6	4.2	2.6	86.9	13.1	43
Accommodation and Food Services	3.0	3.1	3.1	4.9	57.3	42.7	27
Administrative and Support Services	2.4	2.4	1.1	1.9	66.7	33.3	45
Financial and Insurance Services	2.3	2.3	1.5	1.2	99.9	0.1	43
Mining	1.3	1.4	1.6	2.4	99.9	0.1	37
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	1.1	1.2	1.4	0.0	79.8	20.2	40
Information Media and Telecommunications	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.2	99.8	0.2	32
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	0.7	0.8	1.0	0.9	99.7	0.3	48
Arts and Recreation Services	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	94.3	5.7	35
All industries	100.0	103.7	104.4	86.6	71.5	28.5	43

Source: ABS Labour Force Survey, Detailed, four quarter averages, August 2025. \*Median age is from the ABS Census of Population and Housing, 2021. Median age has been derived using aggregated SA2s for the Employment Region.

Note: Small cells should be viewed with caution due to small sample sizes and regional volatility.