



Employment Region Industry profile

Ballarat Employment Region

Release date: 27 March 2025

Overview

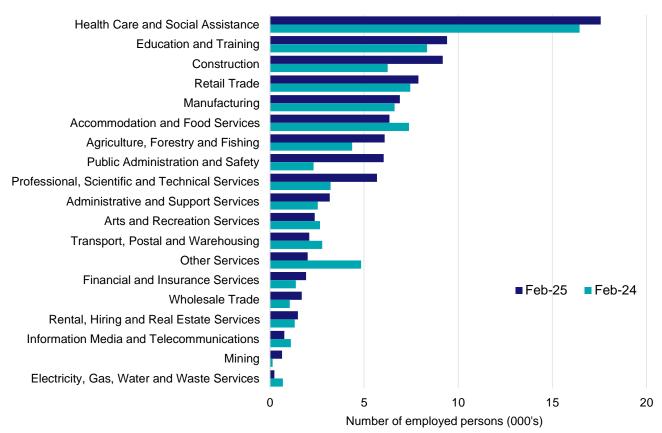
In February 2025, there were around 91,500 people employed in the Ballarat Employment Region. The 5 largest employing industries in the region were Health Care and Social Assistance, Education and Training, Construction, Retail Trade, and Manufacturing. Together these 5 industries accounted for 56% of employment in the region.

Over the year to February 2025, employment in:

- Health Care and Social Assistance rose by 6.8% to stand at 17,600
- Education and Training rose by 12.7% to stand at 9,400
- Construction rose by 46.9% to stand at 9,200.

In Health Care and Social Assistance in the Ballarat Employment Region, 59% of workers were employed full-time; 85% were female; and the median age of the workforce was 44.

Employment by industry, February 2025 and February 2024



Source: ABS Labour Force Survey*, Detailed, four quarter averages, February 2025. Note that total employment for the region (four quarter averaged data) will not match data published in the Employment Region Labour Market dashboards (modelled estimates).

*ABS Labour Force Survey data are based on the Ballarat SA4.

Notes: Data are the latest available. A high degree of caution should be exercised when interpreting data at the regional level, particulally in regards to percentage changes, given the volatility of the underlying data. For any enquiries related to the data in this report, please contact RegionalWorkforceAssessment@jobsandskills.gov.au

Five largest employing industries: key statistics

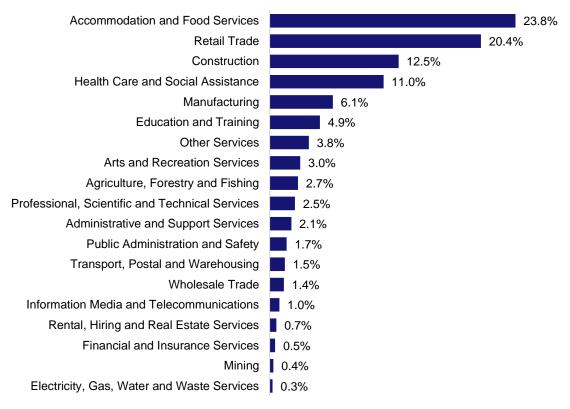
Heal	th Care and Social Assistance				
(00	20 —	Number employed (Feb-25):	17,600		
Employed persons ('000)	15	1 year employment change:	6.8%		
perso	10	5 year employment change:	35.5%		
loyed	0	10 year employment change:	77.3%		
Emp	Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb-	Youth share of employment:	11.0%		
		Mature age share of employment:	19.9%		
Educ	cation and Training				
6	10	Number employed (Feb-25):	9,400		
Employed persons ('000)	8	1 year employment change:			
oerson	4	5 year employment change:	40.6%		
oyed p	2	10 year employment change:			
Empl	0 Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb-	Youth share of employment:	4.9%		
	13 10 17 10 19 20 21 22 23 24 23	Mature age share of employment:	10.8%		
Cons	struction				
6	12 ————	Number employed (Feb-25):	9,200		
s ('00'	10 8 6 4 2 0 Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb-	1 year employment change:			
Employed persons ('000)		5 year employment change:			
oyed p		10 year employment change:	20.5%		
Empl		Youth share of employment:	12.5%		
	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	Mature age share of employment:			
Reta	il Trade				
	14	Number employed (Feb-25):	7,900		
s ('000)	12 10	1 year employment change: 5.8			
oerson	8	5 year employment change:			
Employed persons	4	10 year employment change:	5.5%		
Empl	2 0 Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb-	Youth share of employment:	20.4%		
		Mature age share of employment:	7.9%		
Manı	ufacturing				
	12	Number employed (Feb-25):	6,900		
Employed persons ('000)	10	1 year employment change:	4.2%		
rsons	8	5 year employment change:	-22.7%		
ed be/	4 2	10 year employment change:	42.0%		
	4	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
.oldm:	0 — Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb- Feb-	Youth share of employment:	6.1%		

Source: ABS Labour Force Survey, Detailed, four quarter averages, February 2025, except youth and mature age data which are from the ABS Census of Population and Housing, 2021.

Notes: In each chart, the solid line is the level of employment and the dotted line is a simple linear trend line for the 10 year period. Given the volatility of the underlying data, employment estimates should be treated with a high degree of caution. Particular focus should be placed on the employment series over time to ascertain more reliable long-term growth trends.

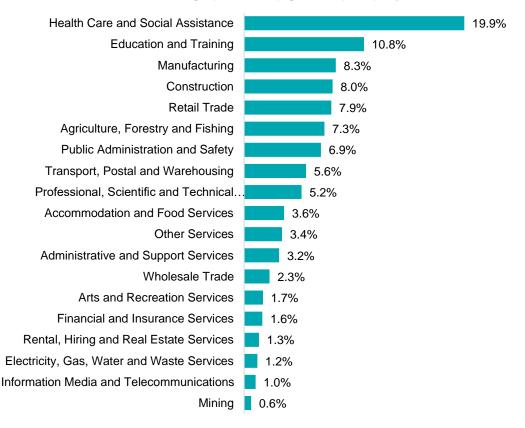
Employment characteristics by Industry

Which industries are youth (aged 15-24) employed in?



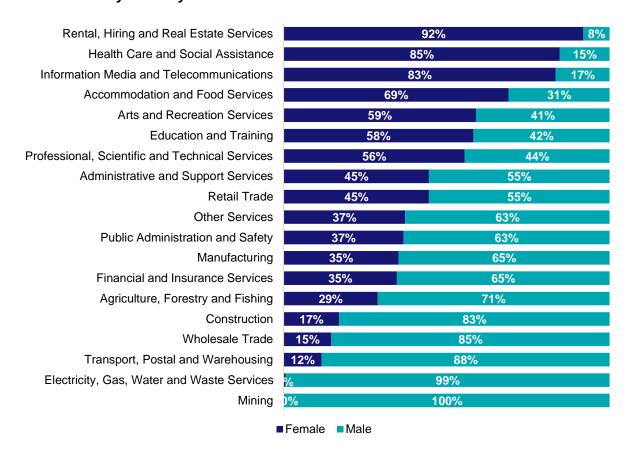
Source: ABS Census of Population and Housing, 2021.

Which industries are mature age persons (aged 55+) employed in?



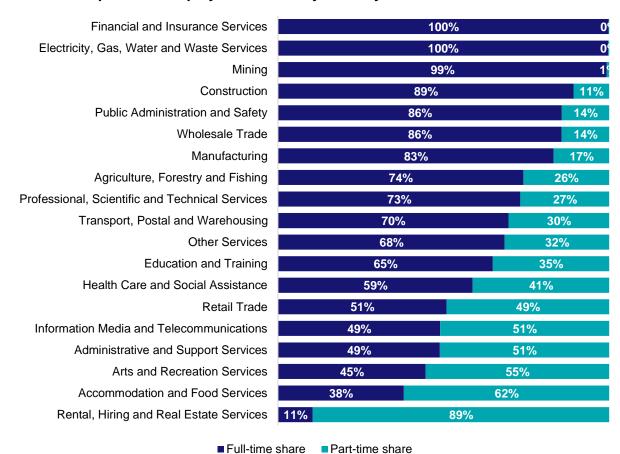
Source: ABS Census of Population and Housing, 2021. Note: SA2 level Census data have been aggregated to the Employment Region level.

Gender share by industry



Source: ABS Labour Force Survey, Detailed, four quarter averages, February 2025.

Full-time and part-time employment status by industry



Source: ABS Labour Force Survey, Detailed, four quarter averages, February 2025.

Appendix

Employment by industry, Ballarat, February 2025

Industry (in order of size)	Share of employment in the region Feb-25 (%)	Employed ('000)			Full-time share	Part-time share	
Industry (in order of size)		Feb-25	Feb-24	Feb-20	%	%	Median age *
Health Care and Social Assistance	19.2	17.6	16.4	13.0	58.8	41.2	44
Education and Training	10.3	9.4	8.3	6.7	64.9	35.1	44
Construction	10.0	9.2	6.2	8.5	89.2	10.8	37
Retail Trade	8.6	7.9	7.5	9.2	50.9	49.1	35
Manufacturing	7.5	6.9	6.6	8.9	83.3	16.7	45
Accommodation and Food Services	6.9	6.4	7.4	5.8	38.0	62.0	24
Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing	6.7	6.1	4.4	1.5	74.1	25.9	51
Public Administration and Safety	6.6	6.0	2.3	3.6	85.7	14.3	45
Professional, Scientific and Technical Services	6.2	5.7	3.2	4.7	73.2	26.8	43
Administrative and Support Services	3.5	3.2	2.5	2.2	48.9	51.1	44
Arts and Recreation Services	2.6	2.4	2.7	2.5	44.6	55.4	37
Transport, Postal and Warehousing	2.3	2.1	2.8	2.8	69.6	30.4	48
Other Services	2.2	2.0	4.8	3.3	68.5	31.5	39
Financial and Insurance Services	2.1	1.9	1.4	0.5	99.8	0.2	45
Wholesale Trade	1.8	1.7	1.1	1.0	85.7	14.3	46
Rental, Hiring and Real Estate Services	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.8	10.5	89.5	42
Information Media and Telecommunications	0.8	0.8	1.1	1.5	49.0	51.0	41
Mining	0.7	0.6	0.1	0.9	99.3	0.7	38
Electricity, Gas, Water and Waste Services	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.8	99.7	0.3	45
All industries	100.0	91.5	80.9	79.2	66.5	33.5	42

Source: ABS Labour Force Survey, Detailed, four quarter averages, February 2025. *Median age is from the ABS Census of Population and Housing, 2021. Median age has been derived using aggregated SA2s for the Employment Region.

Note: Small cells should be viewed with caution due to small sample sizes and regional volatility.